

Product datasheet for TP720012L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

IL2 (NM 000586) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human interleukin 2 (IL2), Pro22-Thr153

Species: Human E. coli **Expression Host:**

Expression cDNA Clone

Pro22-Thr153

or AA Sequence:

Tag: Tag Free Predicted MW: 15.5 kDa **Concentration:** lot specific

Purity: >95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: Provided lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl

ED50 is less than 0.1 ng/ml as determined by the dose-dependent stimulation of murine **Bioactivity:**

CTLL-2 cells. Specific Activity of 1.0 x 107 IU/ mg.

Endotoxin: < 0.1 EU per µg protein as determined by LAL test

Reconstitution Method: Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. Dissolve the

> lyophilized protein in ddH2O. It is not recommended to reconstitute a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage and handling

conditions.

RefSeq: NP 000577

Locus ID: 3558

UniProt ID: P60568, Q0GK43

Cytogenetics: 4q27

Synonyms: IL-2; lymphokine; TCGF





Summary:

This gene is a member of the interleukin 2 (IL2) cytokine subfamily which includes IL4, IL7, IL9, IL15, IL21, erythropoietin, and thrombopoietin. The protein encoded by this gene is a secreted cytokine produced by activated CD4+ and CD8+ T lymphocytes, that is important for the proliferation of T and B lymphocytes. The receptor of this cytokine (IL2R) is a heterotrimeric protein complex whose gamma chain is also shared by IL4 and IL7. The expression of this gene in mature thymocytes is monoallelic, which represents an unusual regulatory mode for controlling the precise expression of a single gene. The targeted disruption of a similar gene in mice leads to ulcerative colitis-like disease, which suggests an essential role of this gene in the immune response to antigenic stimuli. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2020]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

Protein Pathways: Allograft rejection, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction,

Graft-versus-host disease, Jak-STAT signaling pathway, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Type

I diabetes mellitus

Product images:

