

## **Product datasheet for TP710123**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **BAIAP2 (NM 017450) Human Recombinant Protein**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human BAI1-associated protein 2 (BAIAP2), transcript variant 1, full

length, with C-terminal DDK tag, expressed in sf9 cells

Species: Human

**Expression Host:** Sf9

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC204233, encoding human full-length BAIAP2

Tag: C-DDK

Predicted MW: 57.2 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 50 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 8.0, 10% glycerol

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 059344

 Locus ID:
 10458

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UQB8

 RefSeq Size:
 3188

Cytogenetics: 17q25.3

RefSeq ORF: 1566

Synonyms: BAP2; FLAF3; IRSP53; WAML





**Summary:** 

The protein encoded by this gene has been identified as a brain-specific angiogenesis inhibitor (BAl1)-binding protein. This adaptor protein links membrane bound G-proteins to cytoplasmic effector proteins. This protein functions as an insulin receptor tyrosine kinase substrate and suggests a role for insulin in the central nervous system. It also associates with a downstream effector of Rho small G proteins, which is associated with the formation of stress fibers and cytokinesis. This protein is involved in lamellipodia and filopodia formation in motile cells and may affect neuronal growth-cone guidance. This protein has also been identified as interacting with the dentatorubral-pallidoluysian atrophy gene, which is associated with an autosomal dominant neurodegenerative disease. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Adherens junction, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

## **Product images:**

