

Product datasheet for **TP710089**

ErbB 3 (ERBB3) (NM_001982) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human v-erb-b2 erythroblastic leukemia viral oncogene homolog 3 (avian) (ERBB3), transcript variant 1, full length, with C-terminal DDK tag, expressed in sf9, 20ug
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	Sf9
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC209954, encoding human full-length ERBB3
Tag:	C-DDK
Predicted MW:	148.1 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	50 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 8.0, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_001973
Locus ID:	2065
UniProt ID:	P21860
RefSeq Size:	5511
Cytogenetics:	12q13.2
RefSeq ORF:	4026
Synonyms:	c-erbB-3; c-erbB3; ErbB-3; erbB3-S; FERLK; HER3; LCCS2; MDA-BF-1; p45-sErbB3; p85-sErbB3; p180-ErbB3



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Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) family of receptor tyrosine kinases. This membrane-bound protein has a neuregulin binding domain but not an active kinase domain. It therefore can bind this ligand but not convey the signal into the cell through protein phosphorylation. However, it does form heterodimers with other EGF receptor family members which do have kinase activity. Heterodimerization leads to the activation of pathways which lead to cell proliferation or differentiation. Amplification of this gene and/or overexpression of its protein have been reported in numerous cancers, including prostate, bladder, and breast tumors. Alternate transcriptional splice variants encoding different isoforms have been characterized. One isoform lacks the intermembrane region and is secreted outside the cell. This form acts to modulate the activity of the membrane-bound form. Additional splice variants have also been reported, but they have not been thoroughly characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Adult stem cells, Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Secreted Protein, Stem cell - Pluripotency, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways:

Calcium signaling pathway, Endocytosis, ErbB signaling pathway

Product images: