

Product datasheet for TP710037

ALK (NM_004304) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins Description: Recombinant protein of human anaplastic lymphoma receptor tyrosine kinase (ALK), residues residues 1060-1620, with N-terminal polyhistidine tag, expressed in sf9 cells. Species: Human **Expression Host:** Sf9 **Expression cDNA Clone** A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC222485, encoding the region (Arg1060-Pro1620) of or AA Sequence: human ALK N-His Tag: Predicted MW: 62 kDa **Concentration:** >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method **Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining **Buffer:** 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 10% glycerol Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process. Store at -80°C. Storage: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and Stability: handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **RefSeq:** NP 004295 Locus ID: 238 **UniProt ID:** Q9UM73 **RefSeq Size:** 6222 Cytogenetics: 2p23.2-p23.1 **RefSeq ORF:** 4860 Synonyms: CD246; NBLST3



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Summary: This gene encodes a receptor tyrosine kinase, which belongs to the insulin receptor superfamily. This protein comprises an extracellular domain, an hydrophobic stretch corresponding to a single pass transmembrane region, and an intracellular kinase domain. It plays an important role in the development of the brain and exerts its effects on specific neurons in the nervous system. This gene has been found to be rearranged, mutated, or amplified in a series of tumours including anaplastic large cell lymphomas, neuroblastoma, and non-small cell lung cancer. The chromosomal rearrangements are the most common genetic alterations in this gene, which result in creation of multiple fusion genes in tumourigenesis, including ALK (chromosome 2), ALK/RANBP2 (chromosome 2), ALK/ATIC (chromosome 2), ALK/KIF5B (chromosome 10), ALK/CLTC (chromosome 17), ALK/TPM4 (chromosome 19), and ALK/MSN (chromosome X).[provided by RefSeq, Jan 2011]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase

Product images:



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