

Product datasheet for **TP710035**

DYRK1A (NM_001396) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human dual-specificity tyrosine-(Y)-phosphorylation regulated kinase 1A (DYRK1A), transcript variant 1, full length, with C-terminal DDK tag, expressed in sf9 cells
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	Sf9
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC212584, encoding human full-length DYRK1A
Tag:	C-DDK
Predicted MW:	85.6 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	50 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 8.0, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_001387
Locus ID:	1859
UniProt ID:	Q13627
RefSeq Size:	5010
Cytogenetics:	21q22.13
RefSeq ORF:	2289
Synonyms:	DYRK; DYRK1; HP86; MNB; MNBH; MRD7


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Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the Dual-specificity tyrosine phosphorylation-regulated kinase (DYRK) family. This member contains a nuclear targeting signal sequence, a protein kinase domain, a leucine zipper motif, and a highly conservative 13-consecutive-histidine repeat. It catalyzes its autophosphorylation on serine/threonine and tyrosine residues. It may play a significant role in a signaling pathway regulating cell proliferation and may be involved in brain development. This gene is a homolog of *Drosophila* *mnf* (minibrain) gene and rat *Dyrk* gene. It is localized in the Down syndrome critical region of chromosome 21, and is considered to be a strong candidate gene for learning defects associated with Down syndrome. Alternative splicing of this gene generates several transcript variants differing from each other either in the 5' UTR or in the 3' coding region. These variants encode at least five different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families:

Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase

Product images:
