

### **Product datasheet for TP701231**

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Apolipoprotein H (APOH) (NM\_000042) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Human apolipoprotein H (beta-2-glycoprotein I) (APOH),

Gly20-End, with C-terminal His tag, expressed in HEK293 cells, 50ug

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC205017, encoding the region(Gly20-End) of APOH

Tag: C-His

Predicted MW: 37.4 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** PBS, pH 7.4, 10% glycerol

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

**Storage:** Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 000033

Locus ID: 350

UniProt ID: <u>P02749</u>, <u>A0A384NKM6</u>

RefSeq Size: 1216

Cytogenetics: 17q24.2

RefSeq ORF: 1035

Synonyms: B2G1; B2GP1; BG





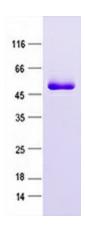
#### Summary:

Apolipoprotein H, also known as beta-2-glycoprotein I, is a component of circulating plasma lipoproteins. It has been implicated in a variety of physiologic pathways including lipoprotein metabolism, coagulation, hemostasis, and the production of antiphospholipid autoantibodies. APOH may be a required cofactor for anionic phospholipid binding by the antiphospholipid autoantibodies found in sera of many patients with lupus and primary antiphospholipid syndrome (APS). The anti-beta (2) glycoprotein I antibodies from APS patients, mediate inhibition of activated protein C which has anticoagulant properties. Because beta-2-GPI is the main autoantigen in patients with APS, the disruption of this pathway by autoantibodies may be an important mechanism for thrombosis in patients with APS.[provided by RefSeq, Dec 2019]

**Protein Families:** 

Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

## **Product images:**



Purified recombinant protein APOH was analyzed by SDS-PAGE gel and Coomossie Blue Staining.