

Product datasheet for TP700217

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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CTLA4 (NM_005214) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Human cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4 (CTLA4),

transcript variant 1, with C-terminal human Fc and his tags, expressed in human cells

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

A Clone A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC210150, encoding the extracellular domain (Ala37-

Phe162) of human CTLA4

Tag: C-Fc/His Predicted MW: 40 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: PBS, pH 7.4, 10% glycerol

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 005205

 Locus ID:
 1493

 UniProt ID:
 P16410

 RefSeq Size:
 1997

 Cytogenetics:
 2q33.2

 RefSeq ORF:
 669

Synonyms: ALPS5; CD; CD152; CELIAC3; CTLA-4; GRD4; GSE; IDDM12





Summary:

This gene is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and encodes a protein which transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells. The protein contains a V domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic tail. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. The membrane-bound isoform functions as a homodimer interconnected by a disulfide bond, while the soluble isoform functions as a monomer. Mutations in this gene have been associated with insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, Graves disease, Hashimoto thyroiditis, celiac disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, thyroid-associated orbitopathy, and other autoimmune diseases. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), T cell receptor signaling

pathway

Product images:

