

## Product datasheet for **TP700112**

### MCSF Receptor (CSF1R) (NM\_005211) Human Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of human colony stimulating factor 1 receptor, formerly McDonough feline sarcoma viral (v-fms) oncogene homolog (CSF1R), with C-terminal DDK/His tag, expressed in human cells, 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC600012, encoding the region (I20-P517) of human CSF1R
Tag:	C-DDK/His
Predicted MW:	58 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NP_005202</a>
Locus ID:	1436
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P07333</a>
RefSeq Size:	4006
Cytogenetics:	5q32
RefSeq ORF:	2962
Synonyms:	BANDDOS; C-FMS; CD115; CSF-1R; CSFR; FIM2; FMS; HDLS; M-CSF-R


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**Summary:**

The protein encoded by this gene is the receptor for colony stimulating factor 1, a cytokine which controls the production, differentiation, and function of macrophages. This receptor mediates most if not all of the biological effects of this cytokine. Ligand binding activates the receptor kinase through a process of oligomerization and transphosphorylation. The encoded protein is a tyrosine kinase transmembrane receptor and member of the CSF1/PDGF receptor family of tyrosine-protein kinases. Mutations in this gene have been associated with a predisposition to myeloid malignancy. The first intron of this gene contains a transcriptionally inactive ribosomal protein L7 processed pseudogene oriented in the opposite direction. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Expression of a splice variant from an LTR promoter has been found in Hodgkin lymphoma (HL), HL cell lines and anaplastic large cell lymphoma. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2017]

**Protein Families:**

Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:**

Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Endocytosis, Hematopoietic cell lineage, Pathways in cancer

**Product images:**
