

## **Product datasheet for TP700041**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Isocitrate dehydrogenase (IDH1) (NM\_005896) Mutant (R132S) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 (NADP+), soluble (IDH1 mutant

R132S), with C-terminal Myc-DDK tag, expressed in HEK293 cells

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

A DNA sequence from TrueORF clone, RC400099, encoding the human IDH1 mutant R132S

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

**Predicted MW:** 46 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 005887

 Locus ID:
 3417

 UniProt ID:
 075874

 RefSeq Size:
 2339

 Cytogenetics:
 2q34

RefSeq ORF: 1242

Synonyms: HEL-216; HEL-S-26; IDCD; IDH; IDP; IDPC; PICD



Summary:

Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the cytoplasm and peroxisomes. It contains the PTS-1 peroxisomal targeting signal sequence. The presence of this enzyme in peroxisomes suggests roles in the regeneration of NADPH for intraperoxisomal reductions, such as the conversion of 2, 4-dienoyl-CoAs to 3-enoyl-CoAs, as well as in peroxisomal reactions that consume 2-oxoglutarate, namely the alpha-hydroxylation of phytanic acid. The cytoplasmic enzyme serves a significant role in cytoplasmic NADPH production. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013]

**Protein Pathways:** 

Citrate cycle (TCA cycle), Glutathione metabolism, Metabolic pathways

## **Product images:**

