

Product datasheet for TP527461

Gsk3a (NM_001031667) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse glycogen synthase kinase 3 alpha (Gsk3a), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR227461 representing NM_001031667 Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s) MSGGGPSGGGPGGSGRARTSSFAEPGGGGGGGGGGPGGSASGPGGTGGGKASVGAMGGGVGASSGGGPGS GSGGGGSGGPGAGTSFPPPGVKLGRDSGKVTTVVATVGQGPERSQEVAYTDIKVINGNSFGVYQARLAE TRELVAIKKVLQDKRFKNRELQIMRKL DHCNIVRLRYFFYSSGEKKDELYLNLVLEYVPETVYRVARHFT KAKLITPIIYIKVYMYQLFRSLAYIHSQGVCHRDIKPQNLLVDPDTAVLKLCDFGSAKQLVRGEPNVSYI CSRYRRAPELIFGATDYTSSIDVWSAGCVLAELLLGQPIFPGDSGVDQLVEIHKVLGTPTREQUIREMNP N YTEFKFPQIKAHPWTKVFKSSKTPPEAIALCSSLLEYTPSSRSLSPLEACAHSFFDELRRLLGAQLPNDRPL PPLFNFSPELSIQPSLNAILPPLHRSPAGPASPLTTSYNPSSQALTEAQTGQDWQPSDATTATLASS TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	52.1 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_001026837
Locus ID:	606496



[View online >](#)

UniProt ID: [Q2NL51](#)

RefSeq Size: 2276

Cytogenetics: 7 A3

RefSeq ORF: 1470

Synonyms: 2700086H06Rik

Summary: Constitutively active protein kinase that acts as a negative regulator in the hormonal control of glucose homeostasis, Wnt signaling and regulation of transcription factors and microtubules, by phosphorylating and inactivating glycogen synthase (GYS1 or GYS2), CTNNB1/beta-catenin, APC and AXIN1 (PubMed:15791206, PubMed:17908561). Requires primed phosphorylation of the majority of its substrates (PubMed:22539723). Contributes to insulin regulation of glycogen synthesis by phosphorylating and inhibiting GYS1 activity and hence glycogen synthesis (PubMed:15791206, PubMed:17908561). Regulates glycogen metabolism in liver, but not in muscle (PubMed:17908561). May also mediate the development of insulin resistance by regulating activation of transcription factors (By similarity). In Wnt signaling, regulates the level and transcriptional activity of nuclear CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:15791206). Facilitates amyloid precursor protein (APP) processing and the generation of APP-derived amyloid plaques found in Alzheimer disease (By similarity). May be involved in the regulation of replication in pancreatic beta-cells (By similarity). Is necessary for the establishment of neuronal polarity and axon outgrowth (PubMed:17391670). Through phosphorylation of the anti-apoptotic protein MCL1, may control cell apoptosis in response to growth factors deprivation (PubMed:16543145). Acts as a regulator of autophagy by mediating phosphorylation of KAT5/TIP60 under starvation conditions, leading to activate KAT5/TIP60 acetyltransferase activity and promote acetylation of key autophagy regulators, such as ULK1 and RUBCNL/Pacer (PubMed:22539723).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]