

Product datasheet for TP526559

Cpe (NM_013494) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse carboxypeptidase E (Cpe), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR226559 representing NM_013494 Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)

MAGRGRVLLALCAALVAGGWLLTAEAQEPGAPAAGMRRRRRLQQEDGISFEYHRYPELREALVSVWLQC
TAISRIYTVGRSFE GRELLVIELSDNPGVHEPGEPEFKYIGNMHGNEAVGRELLIFLAQYLCNEYQKGN
TIVNLIHSTRIHIMPSLNPDGFKAASQPGELKDWVGRSNAQGIDLNRNFPDLDRIVVNEKEGGPNNH
LLKLNKKIVDQNSKLAPETKAVIHWIMDIPVLSANLHGGDLVANYPYDETRSGTAHEYSSCPDDAIFQS
LARAYSSFNPVMSDPNRPPCRKNDDSSFVDGTTNGGAWYSVPGGMQDFNYLSSNCFEITVELSCEKFPP
EETLKSYWEDNKNLSISYLEQIHRGVKGFVRDLQGNPIANATISVDGIDHDVTSAKDGDYWRLLAPGNYK
LTASAPGYLAITKKVAVPFPSPAVGVDFELESFSEKKEEKEELMEWWKMMSETLNF

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	53.7 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_038522
Locus ID:	12876



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UniProt ID: [Q00493](#), [Q543R4](#)

RefSeq Size: 2103

Cytogenetics: 8 32.3 cM

RefSeq ORF: 1428

Synonyms: CP; CPH; Cph-; Cph-1; Cph1; fat; NF-a; NF-alpha1; R74677

Summary: This gene encodes carboxypeptidase E, a prohormone-processing exopeptidase found in secretory granules of endocrine and neuroendocrine cells. The encoded preproprotein undergoes proteolytic processing to generate a mature, functional enzyme that cleaves the C-terminal basic residues of protein substrates. A missense mutation in this gene is responsible for the obesity phenotype in a mouse model known as the "fat mouse." Mice lacking the functional product of this gene exhibit impaired processing of multiple peptide hormones such as proinsulin, prodynorphin, proneurotensin, promelanin-concentrating hormone and pro-opiomelanocortin. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2016]