

## **Product datasheet for TP525635**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Gal (NM\_010253) Mouse Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Mouse galanin and GMAP prepropeptide (Gal), with C-

terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

Species: Mouse Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >MR225635 representing NM 010253

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MARGSVILLGWLLLVVTLSATLGLGMPAKEKRGWTLNSAGYLLGPHAIDNHRSFSDKHGLTGKRELQLEV

EERRPGSVDVPLPESNIVRTIMEFLSFLHLKEAGALDSLPGIPLATSSEDLEKS

**TRTRPL**EQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V** 

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

**Predicted MW:** 13.9 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

**Storage:** Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** NP 034383

 Locus ID:
 14419

 UniProt ID:
 P47212

 RefSeg Size:
 699

Cytogenetics: 19 3.16 cM

RefSeq ORF: 372





## Gal (NM\_010253) Mouse Recombinant Protein - TP525635

Synonyms:

G; Galn

**Summary:** 

This gene encodes a neuroendocrine peptide that is principally produced by a subpopulation of lactotrophs in the pituitary gland. The encoded protein is a precursor that is proteolytically processed to generate two mature peptides: galanin and galanin message-associated peptide (GMAP). Mice lacking the encoded protein fail to lactate sufficiently due to abnormalities in the expression of prolactin and lactotroph proliferation, exhibit attenuated chronic neuropathic pain and developmental deficits in the dorsal root ganglion neurons. This gene encodes distinct isoforms, some or all of which may undergo similar processing to generate the mature proteins. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2016]