

Product datasheet for TP523300

Set (NM_023871) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse SET nuclear oncogene (Set), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR223300 representing NM_023871 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAPKRQSAILPQPKKPRPAAAPKLEDKSASPGLPKGEKEQQAIEHIDEVQNEIDRLNEQASEEILKVEQ
KYNKLRQPFFQKRSELIKIPNFWVTTFNHPQVSALLGEDEEALHYLTRVEVTEFEDIKSGYRIDFYF
DENPYFENKVLKSEFHLNESGDPSSKSTEIKWKSGLDLTKRSSQTQNKASRKRQHEEPESFFTWFTDHS
AGADELGEVIKDDIWPNPLQYYLVPDMDDEEGEAEDDDDDDEEEGLEIDIEEGDEDEGEEDDDEDEGEE
GEEDEGEDD

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	33.8 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_076360
Locus ID:	56086
UniProt ID:	Q9EQU5 , Q3T9S3



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RefSeq Size: 2698

Cytogenetics: 2 B

RefSeq ORF: 867

Synonyms: 2610030F17Rik; 5730420M11Rik; AA407739; I-2PP2A; StF-IT-1; TAF-I

Summary: Multitasking protein, involved in apoptosis, transcription, nucleosome assembly and histone chaperoning. Isoform 2 anti-apoptotic activity is mediated by inhibition of the GZMA-activated DNase, NME1. In the course of cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL)-induced apoptosis, GZMA cleaves SET, disrupting its binding to NME1 and releasing NME1 inhibition. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are potent inhibitors of protein phosphatase 2A. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 inhibit EP300/CREBBP and PCAF-mediated acetylation of histones (HAT) and nucleosomes, most probably by masking the accessibility of lysines of histones to the acetylases. The predominant target for inhibition is histone H4. HAT inhibition leads to silencing of HAT-dependent transcription and prevents active demethylation of DNA. Both isoforms stimulate DNA replication of the adenovirus genome complexed with viral core proteins; however, isoform 2 specific activity is higher (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]