

Product datasheet for TP520494

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Cryba1 (NM_009965) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse crystallin, beta A1 (Cryba1), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag,

expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

Species: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA

>MR220494 protein sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

Clone or AA Sequence:

METQTVQRELETLPTTKMAQTNPMPGSLGPWKITIYDQENFQGKRMEFTSSCPNVSERNFDNVRSLKVEC GAWIGYEHTSFCGQQFILERGEYPRWDAWSGSNAYHIERLMSFRPICSANHKESKITIFEKENFIGRQWE ICDDYPSLQAMGWFNNEVGSMKIQCGAWVCYQYPGYRGYQYILECDHHGGDYKHWPEWGSHAQTSQIQSI

RRIQQ

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

Predicted MW: 25.2 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling

conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 034095

 Locus ID:
 12957

 UniProt ID:
 Q9QXC6

RefSeq Size: 683





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Cytogenetics: 11 46.74 cM

RefSeq ORF: 648

Synonyms: BA3/; BA3/A1; Cry; Cryb

Summary: Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families. Alpha and beta

families are further divided into acidic and basic groups. Seven protein regions exist in crystallins:

four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. Beta-

crystallins, the most heterogeneous, differ by the presence of the C-terminal extension (present in the basic group, none in the acidic group). Beta-crystallins form aggregates of different sizes and are able to self-associate to form dimers or to form heterodimers with other beta-crystallins. This gene, a beta acidic group member, encodes two proteins (crystallin, beta A3 and crystallin, beta A1) from a single mRNA. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been

found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]