

Product datasheet for TP519998

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Kctd21 (NM 001039039) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse potassium channel tetramerisation domain

containing 21 (Kctd21), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

Species: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >MR219998 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MSDPITLNVGGKLYTTSLATLTSFPDSMLGAMFSGKMPTKRDSQGNCFIDRDGKVFRYILNFLRTSHLDL PEDFQEMGLLRREADFYQVQPLIEALQEKEVELSKAEKNAMLNITLKQRVQTVHFTVREAPQIYSLSSSS MEVFNANIFSTSCLFLKLLGSKLFYCSNGNLSSITSHLQDPNHLTLDWVANVEGLPEEEYTKQNLKRLWV

VPANKQINSFQVFVEEVLKIALSDGFCIDSSHPHALDFMNNKIIRLIRYR

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW: 29.7 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 001034128

 Locus ID:
 622320

 UniProt ID:
 Q3URF8

 RefSeq Size:
 2975





Kctd21 (NM_001039039) Mouse Recombinant Protein - TP519998

Cytogenetics: 7 E1

RefSeq ORF: 780

Synonyms: EG622320

Summary: Probable substrate-specific adapter of a BCR (BTB-CUL3-RBX1) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase

complex mediating the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. Promotes the ubiquitination of HDAC1. Can function as antagonist of the Hedgehog pathway by affecting the nuclear transfer of transcription factor GLI1; the function probably occurs via HDAC1 down-regulation, keeping GLI1 acetylated and inactive. Inhibits cell growth

and tumorigenicity of medulloblastoma (MDB).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]