

Product datasheet for TP519598

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Cd84 (NM_013489) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse CD84 antigen (Cd84), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag,

expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

>MR219598 protein sequence

Species: Mouse Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAQRHLWIWFLCLQTWSEAAGKDADPMVMNGILGESVTFLLNIQEPKKIDNIAWTSQSSVAFIKPGVNK

Α

EVTITQGTYKGRIEIIDQKYDLVIRDLRMEDAGTYKADINEENEETITKIYYLHIYRRLKTPKITQSLIS

SLNNTCNITLTCSVEKEEKDVTYSWSPFGEKSNVLQIVHSPMDQKLTYTCTAQNPVSNSSDSVTVQQPCT DTPSFHPRHAVLPGGLAVLFLLILIPMLAFLFRLYKRRRDRIVLEADDVSKKTVYAVVSRNAQPTESRIY

DEIPQSKMLSCKKDPVTTIYSSVQLSEKMKETNMKDRSLPKALGNEIVV

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

Predicted MW: 37.4 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 038517

 Locus ID:
 12523

 UniProt ID:
 Q18PI6





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similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

RefSeq Size: 3290

Cytogenetics: 1 79.54 cM

RefSeq ORF: 987

Synonyms: A130013D22Rik; CDw84; SLAMF5

Summary: Self-ligand receptor of the signaling lymphocytic activation molecule (SLAM) family. SLAM

receptors triggered by homo- or heterotypic cell-cell interactions are modulating the activation and differentiation of a wide variety of immune cells and thus are involved in the regulation and interconnection of both innate and adaptive immune response. Activities are controlled by presence or absence of small cytoplasmic adapter proteins, SH2D1A/SAP and/or SH2D1B/EAT-2 (PubMed:20962259). Can mediate natural killer (NK) cell cytotoxicity dependent on SH2D1A and SH2D1B (PubMed:20962259). Increases proliferative responses of activated T-cells and SH2D1A/SAP does not seen be required for this process. Homophilic interactions enhance interferon gamma/IFNG secretion in lymphocytes and induce platelet stimulation via a SH2D1A/SAP-dependent pathway. May serve as a marker for hematopoietic progenitor cells (By similarity). Required for a prolonged T-cell:B-cell contact, optimal T follicular helper function, and germinal center formation (PubMed:20153220). In germinal centers involved in maintaining B cell tolerance and in preventing autoimmunity (PubMed:25801429). In mast cells negatively regulates high affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor signaling; independent of SH2D1A and SH2D1B but implicating FES and PTPN6/SHP-1 (By similarity). In macrophages enhances LPS-induced MAPK phosphorylation and NFkappaB activation and modulates LPS-induced cytokine secretion; involving ITSM 2 (PubMed:20628063). Positively regulates macroautophagy in primary dendritic cells via stabilization of IRF8; inhibits TRIM21-mediated proteasomal degradation of IRF8 (By