

Product datasheet for TP516128

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Jmjd7 (NM_001114637) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse jumonji domain containing 7 (Jmjd7), with C-terminal

MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

Species: Mouse Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >MR216128 representing NM_001114637

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAEAALEAVRRALQEFPAAARDLNVPRVVPYLDEPPSPLCFYRDWVCPNRPCIIRNALQHWPALQKWSLS YLRATVGSTEVSVAVTPDGYADAVRGDRFVMPAERRLPISHVLDVLEGRAQHPGVLYVQKQCSNLPTELP QLLSDIESHVPWASESLGKMPDAVNFWLGDASAVTSLHKDHYENLYCVVSGEKHFLLHPPSDRPFIPYNL YTPATYQLTEEGTFRVVDEEAMEKVPWIPLDPLAPDLTQYPSYSQAQALHCTVRAGEMLYLPALWFHHVQ

QSHGCIAVNFWYDMEYDLKYSYFQLMDTLTRATGLD

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

Predicted MW: 35.9 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 001108109

Locus ID: 433466
UniProt ID: P0C872





Jmjd7 (NM_001114637) Mouse Recombinant Protein - TP516128

RefSeq Size: 1383 Cytogenetics: 2 RefSeq ORF: 948

Synonyms: MGC106779

Summary: Bifunctional enzyme that acts both as an endopeptidase and 2-oxoglutarate-dependent

monoxygenase (PubMed:28847961) (By similarity). Endopeptidase that cleaves histones N-terminal tails at the carboxyl side of methylated arginine or lysine residues, to generate 'tailless nucleosomes', which may trigger transcription elongation (PubMed:28847961). Preferentially recognizes and cleaves monomethylated and dimethylated arginine residues of

histones H2, H3 and H4. After initial cleavage, continues to digest histones tails via its aminopeptidase activity (PubMed:28847961). Additionally, may play a role in protein biosynthesis by modifying the translation machinery. Acts as Fe(2+) and 2-oxoglutarate-dependent monoxygenase, catalyzing (S)-stereospecific hydroxylation at C-3 of 'Lys-22' of DRG1 and 'Lys-21' of DRG2 translation factors (TRAFAC), promoting their interaction with

ribonucleic acids (RNA) (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]