

Product datasheet for **TP509234**

Pak4 (NM_027470) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse p21 (RAC1) activated kinase 4 (Pak4), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR209234 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	<p>MFGKKKKRVEISAPSNFEHRVHTGFDQHEQKFTGLPRQWQSLIEESARRPKPLIDPACITSIQPGAPKTI VRGSKGAKDGALTLLLDEFENMSVTRSNLSLRRESPPPPARAHQENGMLEERAAPARMAPDKAGSRARAT G HSEAGSGSGDRRRVGPEKRPKSSRDGPGGPQEASDRKRPLSGPDVSTPQPGSLTSGTKLAAGRPFNTYPR ADTDHPPRGAQGEPTMAPNGPSATGLAAPQSSSSSRPPTRARGAPSPGVLGPHASEPQLAPPARALAA P AVPPAPGPPGPRSPQREPQRVSHEQFRAALQLVDPGDPRSILDNFIKIGEGSTGIVCIATVRSSGKLVA VKKMDLRKQQRRELLFNEVVIMRDYRHENVVEMYNSYLVGDELWVMEFLEGGALTDIVTHTRMNEEQI A AVCLAVLQALAVLHAQGVHRDIKSDSILLTHDGRVKLSDFGFCQAQVSKEVPRRKSIVGTPYWMAPELIS RLPYGPEVDIWSLGMVIMVDGEPYPFNEPPLKAMKMIRDNLPPRLKNLHKASPSLKGFLDRLLRDPA QRATAAELLKHPFLT KAGPPASIVPLMRQHRTR</p> <p>TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV</p>
Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	64.6 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.



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Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_081746
Locus ID:	70584
UniProt ID:	Q8BTW9
RefSeq Size:	2898
Cytogenetics:	7 B1
RefSeq ORF:	1779
Synonyms:	5730488L07Rik; AW555722; mKIAA1142
Summary:	<p>Serine/threonine protein kinase that plays a role in a variety of different signaling pathways including cytoskeleton regulation, cell migration, growth, proliferation or cell survival. Activation by various effectors including growth factor receptors or active CDC42 and RAC1 results in a conformational change and a subsequent autophosphorylation on several serine and/or threonine residues. Phosphorylates and inactivates the protein phosphatase SSH1, leading to increased inhibitory phosphorylation of the actin binding/depolymerizing factor cofilin. Decreased cofilin activity may lead to stabilization of actin filaments. Phosphorylates LIMK1, a kinase that also inhibits the activity of cofilin. Phosphorylates integrin beta5/ITGB5 and thus regulates cell motility. Phosphorylates ARHGEF2 and activates the downstream target RHOA that plays a role in the regulation of assembly of focal adhesions and actin stress fibers. Stimulates cell survival by phosphorylating the BCL2 antagonist of cell death BAD. Alternatively, inhibits apoptosis by preventing caspase-8 binding to death domain receptors in a kinase independent manner. Plays a role in cell-cycle progression by controlling levels of the cell-cycle regulatory protein CDKN1A and by phosphorylating RAN. [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]</p>