

Product datasheet for TP508872

Pan3 (BC082547) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse PAN3 polyA specific ribonuclease subunit homolog (S, with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR208872 protein sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MRGMSLSAGSSPLHSPKITPHTSPAPRRRSHTPNPASFMVPPSASTPANNPAPQPPSSGQVIQKETVGGT
 TYFYTDTPAPLTGMVFPNYHIYPPTAPHVAYMQPKANAPSFMADELQELINRHLITMAQIDQADMPA
 VPTEVDSYHSLFPLEPLPPNRIQKSSNFGYITSCYKAVNSKDDLPLYCLRRHGFRLVNTKCMVLVDMWK
 KIQHSNIVTLREVFTTKAFAEPSLVFAYDFHAGGETMMSRHFNDPNSDAYFTKRKWGQHDGGLPRQHAG
 L
 LPESLIWAYIVQLSSALRTIHTAGLACRVMDPTKILITSKTRLRVNVCVGFVDVLTFDNSQNNNPLALMAQ
 YQQADLISLGKVV LALACNSLAGIQREN LQKAMELV TINYSSDLKNLILYLLTDQNRMSVNDIMPMIGA
 RFYTQLDAAQMRNDVIEEDLAKEVQNGRLFRLLAKLGTINERPEFQKDPTWSETGDRYLLKLFRDHLFHQ
 VTEAGAPWIDLSHIISCLNKLDAGVPEKISLISRDEKSVLVVTYSDLKRCFENTFQELIAAANGNDRNSN

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	62.8 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.


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Locus ID:	72587
UniProt ID:	<u>Q640Q5</u>
RefSeq Size:	4194
Cytogenetics:	5 G3
RefSeq ORF:	1680
Synonyms:	2700050F09Rik; A430027N15Rik; AU014670
Summary:	<p>Regulatory subunit of the poly(A)-nuclease (PAN) deadenylation complex, one of two cytoplasmic mRNA deadenylases involved in general and miRNA-mediated mRNA turnover. PAN specifically shortens poly(A) tails of RNA and the activity is stimulated by poly(A)-binding protein (PABP). PAN deadenylation is followed by rapid degradation of the shortened mRNA tails by the CCR4-NOT complex. Deadenylated mRNAs are then degraded by two alternative mechanisms, namely exosome-mediated 3'-5' exonucleolytic degradation, or deadenylation-dependent mRNA decapping and subsequent 5'-3' exonucleolytic degradation by XRN1. PAN3 acts as a positive regulator for PAN activity, recruiting the catalytic subunit PAN2 to mRNA via its interaction with RNA and PABP, and to miRNA targets via its interaction with GW182 family proteins.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]</p>