

Product datasheet for **TP508620**

Gdpd2 (NM_023608) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse glycerophosphodiester phosphodiesterase domain containing 2 (Gdpd2), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA	>MR208620 protein sequence
Clone or AA Sequence:	Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MADSPGCCSIWARCLHCLYSCHWRKYPKQKMQTSKDCIWFGLLFLTFLLSLGWLYIGLILLNDLHNFNE
FLFRHWGHWMDSLIVLLVSLLVTYASLLLLLGLLQLCGQPLHLHSLHKVLLLLLIVLLVAAGLVGLDI
QWRQEWHSRLSLQATAPFLHIGAVAGITLLAWPVADTFYRIHPRGPKVLLLLLFFGVTLVIYLMPLLFI
SSPCIMKLRDLPPKPGLVGHRGAPMLAPENTLMSLRKTAECGAAVFETDVMVSSDGVPFMHDERSRTT
NVASVFERISAHSSDFSWAELQRLNAGTWFLERQPFWGAKKLSGSDRKEAENQTIPALEELLKEAALN
LSIMFDLRRPPRNHTYYDTFVNQTLEAVLSANVSQAMVLWLPDEDANVQQRAPRMRQIYGHQGGNWTER
PQFLNLPYQDLPALDIKALHQDNISVNLVFNKPVLFSSLLWCAGVDSVTTNACQLLQQMQNPLWLLPPQK
YLMIWVITDCASILLLSIFLLRGGCAKRNRTGLETAVLLTKINFASE

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	61.2 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_076097</u>



[View online »](#)

Locus ID: 71584

UniProt ID: [Q9ESM6](#)

RefSeq Size: 2610

Cytogenetics: X C3

RefSeq ORF: 1620

Synonyms: 9130017L10Rik; Gde3; Obdpf

Summary: This gene encodes a member of the glycerophosphodiester phosphodiesterase enzyme family. The encoded protein hydrolyzes glycerophosphoinositol to produce inositol 1-phosphate and glycerol. Overexpression of this gene is associated with activity-dependent actin cytoskeleton disorganization. The encoded protein may negatively regulate growth rate and induce differentiation of osteoblasts. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2015]