

Product datasheet for **TP505337**

Atp6v0d1 (NM_013477) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse ATPase, H ⁺ transporting, lysosomal V0 subunit D1 (Atp6v0d1), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR205337 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)

MSFFPELYFNVDNGYLEGLVLRGLKAGVLSQADYLNLVQCETLEDLKLYLQSTDYGNFLANEASPLTVSVI
DDKLKEKMVVEFRHMRNHAYEPLASFLDFITYSYMIDNVILLITGTLHQRSIAEPVPKCHPLGSFEQMEA
VNIAQTPAELYNAILVDTPLAFFQDCISEQDLDEMNIIEIRNTLYKAYLESFYKFCTLLGGTTADAMCP
ILEFEADRRAFIITINSFGTELSKEDRAKLFPHCGRLYPEGLAQLARADDYEQVKNVADYYPEYKLLFEG
AGSNPGDKTLEDRRFFEHEVKLNKLAFLNQFHFGVYAFVKLKEQECRNIVWIAECIAQRHRAKIDNYIPI
F

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	40.3 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_038505
Locus ID:	11972
UniProt ID:	P51863



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RefSeq Size: 1617

Cytogenetics: 8 D3

RefSeq ORF: 1056

Synonyms: Ac39; AI267038; Atp6d; P39; VATX; Vma6

Summary: Subunit of the integral membrane V0 complex of vacuolar ATPase. Vacuolar ATPase is responsible for acidifying a variety of intracellular compartments in eukaryotic cells, thus providing most of the energy required for transport processes in the vacuolar system. May play a role in coupling of proton transport and ATP hydrolysis. May play a role in cilium biogenesis through regulation of the transport and the localization of proteins to the cilium (By similarity). In aerobic conditions, involved in intracellular iron homeostasis, thus triggering the activity of Fe(2+) prolyl hydroxylase (PHD) enzymes, and leading to HIF1A hydroxylation and subsequent proteasomal degradation (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]