

## Product datasheet for **TP503006**

### **Pbx1 (BC002244) Mouse Recombinant Protein**

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse pre B-cell leukemia transcription factor 1 (cDNA clone MGC:7546 IMAGE:3492658), complete cds, with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR203006 protein sequence <b>Red</b> =Cloning site <b>Green</b> =Tags(s)
	<p>MRLDNMLLAEGVAGPEKGGGSAAAAAAAAASGGAGSDNSVEHSDYRAKLSQIRQIYHTELEKYEQACNEF TTHVMNLLREQSRTRPISPKEIERMVSIHRKFSSIQMQLKQSTCEAVMILRSRFLDARRKRRNFNKQAT EILNEYFYSHLSNPYPSEEAKEELAKKCGITVSQVSNWFGNKRIRYKKNIGKFQEEANIYAAKTAVTATN VSAHGSQANSPSTPNSAGGYPSPCYQPDRRIQ</p> <p><b>TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV</b></p>
Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	27 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Locus ID:	18514
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P41778</a>
RefSeq Size:	1491



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<b>Cytogenetics:</b>	1 75.95 cM
<b>RefSeq ORF:</b>	726
<b>Synonyms:</b>	2310056B04Rik; D230003C07Rik; Pbx-1
<b>Summary:</b>	<p>This gene encodes a homeobox protein that belongs to the three-amino-acid loop extension/Pre-B cell leukemia transcription factor (TALE/PBX) family of proteins. The encoded protein is involved in several biological processes during embryogenesis including steroidogenesis, sexual development and the maintenance of hematopoietic stem cells. This protein functions in the development of several organ systems and plays a role in skeletal patterning and programming. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014]</p>