

## Product datasheet for TP502943

### Derl2 (NM\_033562) Mouse Recombinant Protein

#### Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse Der1-like domain family, member 2 (Derl2), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	<p>&gt;MR202943 representing NM_033562</p> <p>Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)</p> <p>MAYQSLRLEYLQIPPVSRAYTTACVLTTAAVQLELITPFQLYFNPELIFKHFIQWRLITNFFGPGVGFN            FLNMIFLYRYCRMLEEGSFRGRTADVFVFMFLFGGFLMTLFGFLVSLVFLGQAFTIMLVVWSRRNPYVR            MNFFGLLNFQAPFLPWVLMGFSLLLGNSIIVDLLGIAVGHYFFLEDIFPNQPGGIRILKTPSILRTIFD            TPDEDPNPNPLPEERPGGFAWGEGQRLGG</p> <p>TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV</p>
Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	28.1 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NP_291040</a>
Locus ID:	116891
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">Q8BNI4</a>
RefSeq Size:	3623


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Cytogenetics:	11 43.21 cM
RefSeq ORF:	717
Synonyms:	CGI-101; Derlin-2; F-lana; Flana
Summary:	Functional component of endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD) for misfolded luminal glycoproteins, but not that of misfolded nonglycoproteins. May act by forming a channel that allows the retrotranslocation of misfolded glycoproteins into the cytosol where they are ubiquitinated and degraded by the proteasome. May mediate the interaction between VCP and misfolded glycoproteins. May also be involved in endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced pre-emptive quality control, a mechanism that selectively attenuates the translocation of newly synthesized proteins into the endoplasmic reticulum and reroutes them to the cytosol for proteasomal degradation.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]