

Product datasheet for TP502353

Clec4e (NM_019948) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse C-type lectin domain family 4, member e (Clec4e), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR202353 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	<p>MNSTKSPASHHTERGCFKNSQVLSWTIAGASILFLSGCFITRCVWYRSSQISGQNLQPHRNIKELSCYS EASGSVKNCCPLNWKHYQSSCYFFSTTTLTWSSSLKNCSDMGAHLVIDTQEEQFLFRTKPKRKEFYIG LTDQWEGWQWVDDTPFTESLSFDAGEPNNIVLVEDCATIRDSSNSRKNWNDIPCFYSMPWICEMPE SPLD</p> <p>TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV</p>
Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	24.4 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_064332</u>
Locus ID:	56619
UniProt ID:	<u>Q9R0Q8</u>



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RefSeq Size:	2519
Cytogenetics:	6 58.35 cM
RefSeq ORF:	642
Synonyms:	C86253; Clecsf9; Mincle
Summary:	<p>A calcium-dependent lectin that acts as a pattern recognition receptor of the innate immune system. Recognizes damage-associated molecular patterns (DAMPs) of abnormal self and pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) of bacteria and fungi (PubMed:18509109, PubMed:19171887, PubMed:23602766, PubMed:18776906). The PAMPs notably include mycobacterial trehalose 6,6'-dimycolate (TDM), a cell wall glycolipid with potent adjuvant immunomodulatory functions (PubMed:23602766). Interacts with signaling adapter Fc receptor gamma chain/FCER1G to form a functional complex in myeloid cells (PubMed:23602766, PubMed:18776906). Binding of mycobacterial trehalose 6,6'-dimycolate (TDM) to this receptor complex leads to phosphorylation of the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) of FCER1G, triggering activation of SYK, CARD9 and NF-kappa-B, consequently driving maturation of antigen-presenting cells and shaping antigen-specific priming of T-cells toward effector T-helper 1 and T-helper 17 cell subtypes (PubMed:23602766). Specifically recognizes alpha-mannose residues on pathogenic fungi of the genus Malassezia and mediates macrophage activation (PubMed:19171887). Through recognition of DAMPs released upon nonhomeostatic cell death, enables immune sensing of damaged self and promotes inflammatory cell infiltration into the damaged tissue (PubMed:18776906).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]</p>