

Product datasheet for TP502153

Rab1a (NM_008996) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Mouse RAB1A, member RAS oncogene family (Rab1a), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug
Species:	Mouse
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>MR202153 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s) MSSMNPEYDYLFKLLIGDSGVGKSCLLRFADDTYTESYISTIGVDFKIRTIELDGKTIKLQIWDTAGQ ERFRTITSSYYRGAHGIIVVYDVTQESFNNVKQWLQEIDRYASENVNKLKLVGNKCDLTTKKVVDTTAK EFADSLGIPFLETSAKNATNVEQSFMTMAAEIKKRMGPGATAGGAEKSNVKIQSTPKQSGGGCC TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-MYC/DDK
Predicted MW:	22.7 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C after receiving vials.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	NP_033022
Locus ID:	19324
UniProt ID:	P62821
RefSeq Size:	2657
Cytogenetics:	11 12.92 cM


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RefSeq ORF: 615

Synonyms: Gtbp; mKIAA3012; Rab-1; Rab1; Ypt1

Summary: The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different sets of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion. RAB1A regulates vesicular protein transport from the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) to the Golgi compartment and on to the cell surface, and plays a role in IL-8 and growth hormone secretion. Regulates the level of CASR present at the cell membrane. Plays a role in cell adhesion and cell migration, via its role in protein trafficking. Plays a role in autophagosome assembly and cellular defense reactions against pathogenic bacteria (By similarity). Plays a role in microtubule-dependent protein transport by early endosomes and in anterograde melanosome transport.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]