

# Product datasheet for TP501902

## Exosc1 (NM\_025644) Mouse Recombinant Protein

### **Product data:**

#### **Product Type: Recombinant Proteins Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Mouse exosome component 1 (Exosc1), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug Species: Mouse **Expression Host:** HEK293T **Expression cDNA Clone** >MR201902 protein sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s) or AA Sequence: MAPPVRYCIPGERLCNLEEGSPGSGTYTRHGYIFSSLAGCLMKTSENGAVPVVSVMRETESQLLPDVGAV VTCKVSSINSRFAKVHILYVGSTPLKNAFRGTIRKEDIRATEKDKVEIYKSFRPGDIVLAKVISLGDAQS NYLLTTAENELGVVVAHSESGVQMVPISWCEMQCPKTHTKEFRKVARVQPEFLQT **TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV** Tag: C-MYC/DDK Predicted MW: 21.4 kDa **Concentration:** >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining Purity: **Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process. Store at -80°C after receiving vials. Storage: Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. NP 079920 RefSeq: 66583 Locus ID: **UniProt ID:** O9DAA6 **RefSeq Size:** 1622 19 C3 Cytogenetics:



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#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

|             | Exosc1 (NM_025644) Mouse Recombinant Protein – TP501902   |
|-------------|---|
| RefSeq ORF: | 585   |
| Synonyms:   | 2610035C18Rik; 2610104C07Rik; 2610312F07Rik; Al447561   |
| Summary:    | Non-catalytic component of the RNA exosome complex which has 3'->5' exoribonuclease<br>activity and participates in a multitude of cellular RNA processing and degradation events. In<br>the nucleus, the RNA exosome complex is involved in proper maturation of stable RNA<br>species such as rRNA, snRNA and snoRNA, in the elimination of RNA processing by-products<br>and non-coding 'pervasive' transcripts, such as antisense RNA species and promoter-<br>upstream transcripts (PROMPTs), and of mRNAs with processing defects, thereby limiting or<br>excluding their export to the cytoplasm. The RNA exosome may be involved in Ig class switch<br>recombination (CSR) and/or Ig variable region somatic hypermutation (SHM) by targeting<br>AICDA deamination activity to transcribed dsDNA substrates. In the cytoplasm, the RNA<br>exosome complex is involved in general mRNA turnover and specifically degrades inherently<br>unstable mRNAs containing AU-rich elements (AREs) within their 3' untranslated regions, and<br>in RNA surveillance pathways, preventing translation of aberrant mRNAs. It seems to be<br>involved in degradation of histone mRNA. The catalytic inactive RNA exosome core complex<br>of 9 subunits (Exo-9) is proposed to play a pivotal role in the binding and presentation of RNA<br>for ribonucleolysis, and to serve as a scaffold for the association with catalytic subunits and<br>accessory proteins or complexes. EXOSC1 as peripheral part of the Exo-9 complex stabilizes<br>the hexameric ring of RNase PH-domain subunits through contacts with EXOSC6 and EXOSC8<br>(By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function] |

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