

Product datasheet for TP501902

Exosc1 (NM_025644) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse exosome component 1 (Exosc1), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug Species: Mouse **Expression Host:** HEK293T **Expression cDNA Clone** >MR201902 protein sequence Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s) or AA Sequence: MAPPVRYCIPGERLCNLEEGSPGSGTYTRHGYIFSSLAGCLMKTSENGAVPVVSVMRETESQLLPDVGAV VTCKVSSINSRFAKVHILYVGSTPLKNAFRGTIRKEDIRATEKDKVEIYKSFRPGDIVLAKVISLGDAQS NYLLTTAENELGVVVAHSESGVQMVPISWCEMQCPKTHTKEFRKVARVQPEFLQT **TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV** Tag: C-MYC/DDK Predicted MW: 21.4 kDa **Concentration:** >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining Purity: **Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process. Store at -80°C after receiving vials. Storage: Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. NP 079920 RefSeq: 66583 Locus ID: **UniProt ID:** O9DAA6 **RefSeq Size:** 1622 19 C3 Cytogenetics:



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	Exosc1 (NM_025644) Mouse Recombinant Protein – TP501902
RefSeq ORF:	585
Synonyms:	2610035C18Rik; 2610104C07Rik; 2610312F07Rik; Al447561
Summary:	Non-catalytic component of the RNA exosome complex which has 3'->5' exoribonuclease activity and participates in a multitude of cellular RNA processing and degradation events. In the nucleus, the RNA exosome complex is involved in proper maturation of stable RNA species such as rRNA, snRNA and snoRNA, in the elimination of RNA processing by-products and non-coding 'pervasive' transcripts, such as antisense RNA species and promoter- upstream transcripts (PROMPTs), and of mRNAs with processing defects, thereby limiting or excluding their export to the cytoplasm. The RNA exosome may be involved in Ig class switch recombination (CSR) and/or Ig variable region somatic hypermutation (SHM) by targeting AICDA deamination activity to transcribed dsDNA substrates. In the cytoplasm, the RNA exosome complex is involved in general mRNA turnover and specifically degrades inherently unstable mRNAs containing AU-rich elements (AREs) within their 3' untranslated regions, and in RNA surveillance pathways, preventing translation of aberrant mRNAs. It seems to be involved in degradation of histone mRNA. The catalytic inactive RNA exosome core complex of 9 subunits (Exo-9) is proposed to play a pivotal role in the binding and presentation of RNA for ribonucleolysis, and to serve as a scaffold for the association with catalytic subunits and accessory proteins or complexes. EXOSC1 as peripheral part of the Exo-9 complex stabilizes the hexameric ring of RNase PH-domain subunits through contacts with EXOSC6 and EXOSC8 (By similarity).[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]

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