

Product datasheet for TP501655

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Pglyrp1 (BC005582) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse peptidoglycan recognition protein 1 (cDNA clone

MGC:11430 IMAGE:3969014), complete cds, with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in

HEK293T cells, 20ug

Species: Mouse

Expression Host: HFK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >MR201655 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

> MLFACALLALLGLATSCSFIVPRSEWRALPSECSSRLGHPVRYVVISHTAGSFCNSPDSCEQQARNVQHY HKNELGWCDVAYNFLIGEDGHVYEGRGWNIKGDHTGPIWNPMSIGITFMGNFMDRVPAKRALRAALNLLE

CGVSRGFLRSNYEVKGHRDVQSTLSPGDQLYQVIQSWEHYRE

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

C-MYC/DDK Tag:

Predicted MW: 20.5 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience Note:

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

713

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Locus ID: 21946 UniProt ID: 088593

RefSeq Size: 7 A3 **Cytogenetics:**





Pglyrp1 (BC005582) Mouse Recombinant Protein - TP501655

RefSeq ORF: 546

Synonyms: Pglyrp, PGRP, Tag7, PGRP-S

Summary: Pattern receptor that binds to murein peptidoglycans (PGN) of Gram-positive bacteria. Has

bactericidal activity towards Gram-positive bacteria. May kill Gram-positive bacteria by interfering with peptidoglycan biosynthesis. Binds also to Gram-negative bacteria. Involved in innate immunity. May function in intracellular killing of bacteria. The soluble form triggers

apoptosis in vitro.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]