

Product datasheet for TP501519

Pthlh (NM_008970) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Product Type: | Recombinant Proteins |
| Description: | Purified recombinant protein of Mouse parathyroid hormone-like peptide (Pthlh), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug |
| Species: | Mouse |
| Expression Host: | HEK293T |
| Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence: | >MR201519 protein sequence Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s) |
| | MLRRLVQQWSVLVFLLSYVPSRGRSVEGLGRRLKRAVSEHQLLHDKGKSIQDLRRRFFLHHLIAEIHTA EIRATSEVSPNSKPAPNTKNHPVRFSGSDDEGRYLTQETNKVETYKEQPLKTPGKKKKGKPGKRREQEKKK RRTRSAWPSTAASGLLEDPLPHTSRTSLEPSLRTH |
| | TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV |
| Tag: | C-MYC/DDK |
| Predicted MW: | 20.1 kDa |
| Concentration: | >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method |
| Purity: | > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining |
| Buffer: | 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol |
| Note: | For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process. |
| Storage: | Store at -80°C after receiving vials. |
| Stability: | Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| RefSeq: | <u>NP_032996</u> |
| Locus ID: | 19227 |
| UniProt ID: | <u>Q924X4</u> , <u>Q540C1</u> |
| RefSeq Size: | 1512 |
| Cytogenetics: | 6 78.19 cM |



[View online »](#)

RefSeq ORF: 528

Synonyms: PLP; Pt; PTH-I; PTH-like; Pthrp

Summary: This gene encodes a member of the parathyroid family of hormones that possesses distinct paracrine and intracrine signaling roles such as regulation of circulating calcium, transplacental calcium transport, osteoclast inhibition, renal bicarbonate excretion and regulation of apoptosis. The encoded protein undergoes proteolytic processing to generate multiple active peptides with distinct signaling functions. The homozygous deletion of this gene leads to death shortly after birth with a chondrodystrophic phenotype characterized by premature chondrocyte differentiation and accelerated bone formation. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015]