

Product datasheet for TP501461

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Bst2 (NM 198095) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse bone marrow stromal cell antigen 2 (Bst2), with C-

terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

Species: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone

>MR201461 protein sequence

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

> MAPSFYHYLPVPMDEMGGKQGWGSHRQWLGAAILVVLFGVTLVILTIYFAVTANSVACRDGLRAQAECRN TTHLLQRQLTRTQDSLLQAETQANSCNLTVVTLQESLEKKVSQALEQQARIKELENEVTKLNQELENLRI

QKETSSTVQVNSGSSMVVSSLLVLKVSLFLLF

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

Predicted MW: 19.2 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining **Purity:**

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience Note:

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Store at -80°C after receiving vials. Storage:

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

NP 932763 RefSeq:

Locus ID: 69550 UniProt ID: O8R2O8

RefSeq Size: 866

8 B3.3 Cytogenetics:





RefSeq ORF: 519

Synonyms: 2310015I10Rik; Bst-2; C87040; CD317; DAMP-1; GREG

Summary: IFN-induced antiviral host restriction factor which efficiently blocks the release of diverse

mammalian enveloped viruses by directly tethering nascent virions to the membranes of infected cells. Acts as a direct physical tether, holding virions to the cell membrane and linking

virions to each other. The tethered virions can be internalized by endocytosis and subsequently degraded or they can remain on the cell surface. In either case, their spread as cell-free virions is restricted. Its target viruses belong to diverse families, including retroviridae:

human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1), mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV) and murine leukemia virus (MLV), filoviridae: ebola virus (EBOV), arenaviridae: lassa virus (LASV), and rhabdoviridae: vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV). Can inhibit cell surface proteolytic activity of MMP14 causing decreased activation of MMP15 which results in inhibition of cell growth and migration. Can stimulate signaling by LILRA4/ILT7 and consequently provide negative

feedback to the production of IFN by plasmacytoid dendritic cells in response to viral infection. Plays a role in the organization of the subapical actin cytoskeleton in polarized epithelial cells.

[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]