

Product datasheet for TP501263

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Vkorc1 (NM_178600) Mouse Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Mouse vitamin K epoxide reductase complex, subunit 1

(Vkorc1), with C-terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

Species: Mouse Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >MR201263 protein sequence

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MGTTWRSPGLVRLALCLAGLALSLYALHVKAARARDENYRALCDVGTAISCSRVFSSRWGRGFGLVEHML

GADSVLNQSNSIFGCLFYTLQLLLGCLRGRWASILLVLSSLVSVAGSVYLAWILFFVLYDFCIVCITTYA

INVGLMLLSFQKVPEHKTKKH

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

Predicted MW: 17.8 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 848715

 Locus ID:
 27973

 UniProt ID:
 Q9CRC0

RefSeq Size: 764

Cytogenetics: 7 69.81 cM





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RefSeq ORF: 483

Synonyms: D7Wsu86; D7Wsu86e

Summary: Vitamin K is essential for blood clotting but must be enzymatically activated. This

enzymatically activated form of vitamin K is a reduced form required for the carboxylation of glutamic acid residues in some blood-clotting proteins. The product of this gene encodes the enzyme that is responsible for reducing vitamin K 2,3-epoxide to the enzymatically activated form. Fatal bleeding can be caused by vitamin K deficiency and by the vitamin K antagonist warfarin, and it is the product of this gene that is sensitive to warfarin. In humans, mutations in this gene can be associated with deficiencies in vitamin-K-dependent clotting factors and, in

humans and rats, with warfarin resistance. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]