

## **Product datasheet for TP501223**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Mrpl43 (NM\_053164) Mouse Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Purified recombinant protein of Mouse mitochondrial ribosomal protein L43 (Mrpl43), with C-

terminal MYC/DDK tag, expressed in HEK293T cells, 20ug

**Species:** Mouse

**Expression Host:** HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone** >MR201223 representing NM\_053164

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MTGRGTSSRFLTSVLHNGLGRYVQQLQRLSLSLSRDAPSSRGAREFVEREVTDFARRNPGVVVYVNPRPC AMPRIVAEYLNGAVREENVNSKSVEEIKSLVQKLADQSGLDVIRIRKPFHTDNPSIQGQWHPFTNKRTAL

**HGLRPRELRDSAPASMQAQ** 

**TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV** 

Tag: C-MYC/DDK

Predicted MW: 17.9 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

**Storage:** Store at -80°C after receiving vials.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** NP 444394

 Locus ID:
 94067

 UniProt ID:
 Q5RL20

 RefSeq Size:
 1213

Cytogenetics: 19 C3





## Mrpl43 (NM\_053164) Mouse Recombinant Protein - TP501223

RefSeq ORF: 477

Synonyms: 4930442D21Rik; bMRP; bMRP36a

Summary: Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in

protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ

greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]