

## **Product datasheet for TP323930L**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Aspartate beta hydroxylase (ASPH) (NM\_032468) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human aspartate beta-hydroxylase (ASPH), transcript variant 2, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone** >RC223930 representing NM\_032468 **or AA Sequence:** Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAEDKETKHGGHKNGRKGGLSGTSFFTWFMVIALLGVWTSVAVVWFDLVDYEEVLAKAKDFRYNLSEVLQ GKLGIYDADGDGDFDVDDAKVLLGLKERSTSEPAVPPEEAEPHTEPEEQVPVEAEPQNIEDEAKEQIQSL LHEMVHAEHVEGEDLQQEDGPTGEPQQEDDEFLMATDVDDRFETLEPEVSHEETEHSYHVEETVSQDCNQ DMEEMMSEQENPDSSEPVVEDERLHHDTDDVTYQVYEEQAVYEPLENEGIEITEVTAPPEDNPVEDSQVI

VEEVSIFPVEEQQEVPPDT

**TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV** 

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 33.6 kDa

**Concentration:** >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Preparation:** Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** NP 115857

Locus ID: 444





UniProt ID: Q12797
RefSeq Size: 2773
Cytogenetics: 8q12.3
RefSeq ORF: 897

Synonyms: AAH; BAH; CASQ2BP1; FDLAB; HAAH; JCTN; junctin

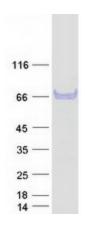
**Summary:** This gene is thought to play an important role in calcium homeostasis. The gene is expressed

from two promoters and undergoes extensive alternative splicing. The encoded set of proteins share varying amounts of overlap near their N-termini but have substantial variations in their C-terminal domains resulting in distinct functional properties. The longest isoforms (a and f) include a C-terminal Aspartyl/Asparaginyl beta-hydroxylase domain that hydroxylates aspartic acid or asparagine residues in the epidermal growth factor (EGF)-like domains of some proteins, including protein C, coagulation factors VII, IX, and X, and the complement factors C1R and C1S. Other isoforms differ primarily in the C-terminal sequence and lack the hydroxylase domain, and some have been localized to the endoplasmic and sarcoplasmic reticulum. Some of these isoforms are found in complexes with calsequestrin, triadin, and the ryanodine receptor, and have been shown to regulate calcium release from the sarcoplasmic reticulum.

Some isoforms have been implicated in metastasis. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

## **Product images:**



Coomassie blue staining of purified ASPH protein (Cat# [TP323930]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ASPH cDNA clone (Cat# [RC223930]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).