

Product datasheet for TP322331M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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CNTF (NM_000614) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human ciliary neurotrophic factor (CNTF), 100 μg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC222331 representing NM_000614

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAFTEHSPLTPHRRDLCSRSIWLARKIRSDLTALTESYVKHQGLNKNINLDSADGMPVASTDQWSELTEA ERLQENLQAYRTFHVLLARLLEDQQVHFTPTEGDFHQAIHTLLLQVAAFAYQIEELMILLEYKIPRNEAD

GMPINVGDGGLFEKKLWGLKVLQELSQWTVRSIHDLRFISSHQTGIPARGSHYIANNKKM

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 22.8 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 000605

 Locus ID:
 1270

 UniProt ID:
 P26441

 RefSeq Size:
 1891





Cytogenetics: 11q12.1

RefSeq ORF: 600

Synonyms: **HCNTF**

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a polypeptide hormone whose actions appear to be

> restricted to the nervous system where it promotes neurotransmitter synthesis and neurite outgrowth in certain neuronal populations. The protein is a potent survival factor for neurons and oligodendrocytes and may be relevant in reducing tissue destruction during inflammatory

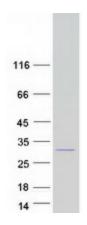
attacks. A mutation in this gene, which results in aberrant splicing, leads to ciliary neurotrophic factor deficiency, but this phenotype is not causally related to neurologic disease. A read-through transcript variant composed of the upstream ZFP91 gene and CNTF sequence has been identified, but it is thought to be non-coding. Read-through transcription

of ZFP91 and CNTF has also been observed in mouse. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2010]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Jak-STAT signaling pathway

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified CNTF protein (Cat# [TP322331]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with CNTF cDNA clone (Cat# [RC222331]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).