

Product datasheet for TP321635M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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DUT (NM_001948) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human deoxyuridine triphosphatase (DUT), nuclear gene encoding

mitochondrial protein, transcript variant 2, 100 µg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC221635 representing NM_001948

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MPCSEETPAISPSKRARPAEVGGMQLRFARLSEHATAPTRGSARAAGYDLYSAYDYTIPPMEKAVVKTDI QIALPSGCYGRVAPRSGLAAKHFIDVGAGVIDEDYRGNVGVVLFNFGKEKFEVKKGDRIAQLICERIFYP

EIEEVQALDDTERGSGGFGSTGKN

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 17.6 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 001939

Locus ID: 1854

UniProt ID: P33316





RefSeq Size: 1874

Cytogenetics: 15q21.1 RefSeq ORF: 492

Synonyms: dUTPase

Summary: This gene encodes an essential enzyme of nucleotide metabolism. The encoded protein

forms a ubiquitous, homotetrameric enzyme that hydrolyzes dUTP to dUMP and

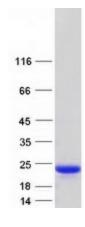
pyrophosphate. This reaction serves two cellular purposes: providing a precursor (dUMP) for the synthesis of thymine nucleotides needed for DNA replication, and limiting intracellular pools of dUTP. Elevated levels of dUTP lead to increased incorporation of uracil into DNA, which induces extensive excision repair mediated by uracil glycosylase. This repair process, resulting in the removal and reincorporation of dUTP, is self-defeating and leads to DNA fragmentation and cell death. Alternative splicing of this gene leads to different isoforms that localize to either the mitochondrion or nucleus. A related pseudogene is located on

chromosome 19. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, Pyrimidine metabolism

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified DUT protein (Cat# [TP321635]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with DUT cDNA clone (Cat# [RC221635]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).