

Product datasheet for TP321453M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ATP6V1G3 (NM_133262) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human ATPase, H+ transporting, lysosomal 13kDa, V1 subunit G3

(ATP6V1G3), transcript variant 1, 100 μg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC221453 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MTSQSQGIHQLLQAEKRAKDKLEEAKKRKGKRLKQAKEEAMVEIDQYRMQRDKEFRLKQSKIMGSQNNLS

DEIEEQTLGKIQELNGHYNKYMESVMNQLLSMVCDMKPEIHVNYRATN

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 13.7 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 573569

 Locus ID:
 127124

 UniProt ID:
 Q96LB4

RefSeq Size: 645





Cytogenetics: 1q31.3

RefSeq ORF: 354

Synonyms: ATP6G3; Vma10

Summary: This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that

> mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen

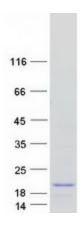
activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c" and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This gene encodes one of three G subunit proteins. Transcript variants encoding different isoforms have

been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, Metabolic pathways, Oxidative **Protein Pathways:**

phosphorylation, Vibrio cholerae infection

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ATP6V1G3 protein (Cat# [TP321453]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ATP6V1G3 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC221453]) using

MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).