

## **Product datasheet for TP321108L**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## SMN1 (NM\_022874) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human survival of motor neuron 1, telomeric (SMN1), transcript

variant b, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC221108 representing NM\_022874

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAMSSGGSGGGVPEQEDSVLFRRGTGQSDDSDIWDDTALIKAYDKAVASFKHALKNGDICETSGKPKTTP KRKPAKKNKSQKKNTAASLQQWKVGDKCSAIWSEDGCIYPATIASIDFKRETCVVVYTGYGNREEQNLSD LLSPICEVANNIEQNAQENENESQVSTDESENSRSPGNKSDNIKPKSAPWNSFLPPPPPMPGPRLGPGKI

IPPPPPICPDSLDDADALGSMLISWYMSGYHTGYYMGFRQNQKEGRCSHSLN

**TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV** 

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

**Predicted MW:** 28.4 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

**Buffer:** 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Preparation:** Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**RefSeq:** NP 075012

Locus ID: 6606





UniProt ID: Q16637
RefSeq Size: 1525
Cytogenetics: 5q13.2
RefSeq ORF: 786

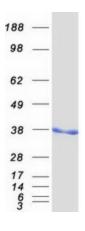
Synonyms: BCD541; GEMIN1; SMA; SMA1; SMA2; SMA4; SMA@; SMN; SMNT; T-BCD541; TDRD16A

Summary: This gene is part of a 500 kb inverted duplication on chromosome 5q13. This duplicated

region contains at least four genes and repetitive elements which make it prone to rearrangements and deletions. The repetitiveness and complexity of the sequence have also caused difficulty in determining the organization of this genomic region. The telomeric and centromeric copies of this gene are nearly identical and encode the same protein. However, mutations in this gene, the telomeric copy, are associated with spinal muscular atrophy; mutations in the centromeric copy do not lead to disease. The centromeric copy may be a modifier of disease caused by mutation in the telomeric copy. The critical sequence difference between the two genes is a single nucleotide in exon 7, which is thought to be an exon splice enhancer. Note that the nine exons of both the telomeric and centromeric copies are designated historically as exon 1, 2a, 2b, and 3-8. It is thought that gene conversion events may involve the two genes, leading to varying copy numbers of each gene. The protein encoded by this gene localizes to both the cytoplasm and the nucleus. Within the nucleus, the protein localizes to subnuclear bodies called gems which are found near coiled bodies containing high concentrations of small ribonucleoproteins (snRNPs). This protein forms heteromeric complexes with proteins such as SIP1 and GEMIN4, and also interacts with several proteins known to be involved in the biogenesis of snRNPs, such as hnRNP U protein and the small nucleolar RNA binding protein. Multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeg, Jul 2014]

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Stem cell - Pluripotency

## **Product images:**



Coomassie blue staining of purified SMN1 protein (Cat# [TP321108]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with SMN1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC221108]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).