

Product datasheet for **TP320995**

APOBEC3A (NM_145699) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Purified recombinant protein of Homo sapiens apolipoprotein B mRNA editing enzyme, catalytic polypeptide-like 3A (APOBEC3A), 20 µg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC220995 representing NM_145699 Red =Cloning site Green =Tags(s)
	MEASPASGPRHLMDPHIFTSNFNNGIGRHKTYLCYEVRDNGTSVKMDQHRGFLHNQAKNLLCGFYGRH AELRFLDLVPSLQLDPAQIYRVTFISWSPCFSWGCAGEVRAFLQENTHVRLRIFAARIYDYDPLYKEAL QMLRDAGAQVSIMTYDEFKHCWDTFVDHQGCPFPWDGLDEHSQALSGRLRAILQNQGN TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	22.8 kDa
Concentration:	>0.1 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP_663745</u>
Locus ID:	200315
UniProt ID:	<u>P31941</u> , <u>A0A0K0MJ49</u>



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RefSeq Size: 1349

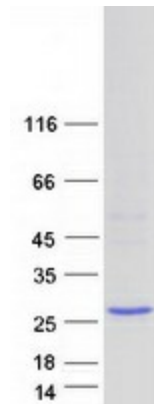
Cytogenetics: 22q13.1

RefSeq ORF: 597

Synonyms: A3A; ARP3; bK150C2.1; PHRBN

Summary: This gene is a member of the cytidine deaminase gene family. It is one of seven related genes or pseudogenes found in a cluster, thought to result from gene duplication, on chromosome 22. Members of the cluster encode proteins that are structurally and functionally related to the C to U RNA-editing cytidine deaminase APOBEC1. The protein encoded by this gene lacks the zinc binding activity of other family members. The protein plays a role in immunity, by restricting transmission of foreign DNA such as viruses. One mechanism of foreign DNA restriction is deamination of foreign double-stranded DNA cytidines to uridines, which leads to DNA degradation. However, other mechanisms are also thought to be involved, as anti-viral effect is not dependent on deaminase activity. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified APOBEC3A protein (Cat# TP320995). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with APOBEC3A cDNA clone (Cat# [RC220995]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).