

#### OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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# Product datasheet for TP320257

## AKT1 (NM\_005163) Human Recombinant Protein

## **Product data:**

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins
Description:	Recombinant protein of human v-akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 1 (AKT1), transcript variant 1, 20 μg
Species:	Human
Expression Host:	HEK293T
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:	>RC220257 representing NM_005163 Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)
	MSDVAIVKEGWLHKRGEYIKTWRPRYFLLKNDGTFIGYKERPQDVDQREAPLNNFSVAQCQLMKTERPR P
	NTFIIRCLQWTTVIERTFHVETPEEREEWTTAIQTVADGLKKQEEEEMDFRSGSPSDNSGAEEMEVSLAK PKHRVTMNEFEYLKLLGKGTFGKVILVKEKATGRYYAMKILKKEVIVAKDEVAHTLTENRVLQNSRHPFL TALKYSFQTHDRLCFVMEYANGGELFFHLSRERVFSEDRARFYGAEIVSALDYLHSEKNVVYRDLKLENL MLDKDGHIKITDFGLCKEGIKDGATMKTFCGTPEYLAPEVLEDNDYGRAVDWWGLGVVMYEMMCGRLP FY NQDHEKLFELILMEEIRFPRTLGPEAKSLLSGLLKKDPKQRLGGGSEDAKEIMQHRFFAGIVWQHVYEKK LSPPFKPQVTSETDTRYFDEEFTAQMITITPPDQDDSMECVDSERRPHFPQFSYSASGTA
	TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW:	55.5 kDa
Concentration:	>0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.
Storage:	Store at -80°C.



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	AKT1 (NM_005163) Human Recombinant Protein – TP320257
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
RefSeq:	<u>NP 005154</u>
Locus ID:	207
UniProt ID:	<u>P31749</u>
RefSeq Size:	3008
Cytogenetics:	14q32.33
RefSeq ORF:	1440
Synonyms:	AKT; PKB; PKB-ALPHA; PRKBA; RAC; RAC-ALPHA
Summary:	This gene encodes one of the three members of the human AKT serine-threonine protein kinase family which are often referred to as protein kinase B alpha, beta, and gamma. These highly similar AKT proteins all have an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain, a serine/threonine-specific kinase domain and a C-terminal regulatory domain. These proteins are phosphorylated by phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K). AKT/PI3K forms a key component of many signalling pathways that involve the binding of membrane-bound ligands such as receptor tyrosine kinases, G-protein coupled receptors, and integrin-linked kinase. These AKT proteins therefore regulate a wide variety of cellular functions including cell proliferation, survival, metabolism, and angiogenesis in both normal and malignant cells. AKT proteins are recruited to the cell membrane by phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP2) after phosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) by PI3K. Subsequent phosphorylation of both threonine residue 308 and serine residue 473 is required for full activation of the AKT1 protein encoded by this gene. Phosphorylation of additional residues also occurs, for example, in response to insulin growth factor-1 and epidermal growth factor. Protein phosphatases act as negative regulators of AKT proteins by dephosphorylating AKT or PIP3. The PI3K/AKT signalling pathway is crucial for tumor cell survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating AKT1 which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. AKT proteins also participate in the mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) signalling pathway which controls the assembly of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4F (eIF4E) complex and this pathway, in addition to responding to extracellular signals from growth factors and cytokines, is disregulated in many cancers. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple types of cancer and excessive tissue growth including Proteus syndrome an
Protein Families	: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protein Kinase

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#### **GRIGENE** AKT1 (NM\_005163) Human Recombinant Protein – TP320257

Protein Pathways:Acute myeloid leukemia, Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Apoptosis, B cell receptor signaling<br/>pathway, Chemokine signaling pathway, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Colorectal cancer,<br/>Endometrial cancer, ErbB signaling pathway, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Fc gamma R-<br/>mediated phagocytosis, Focal adhesion, Glioma, Insulin signaling pathway, Jak-STAT signaling<br/>pathway, MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, mTOR signaling pathway, Neurotrophin<br/>signaling pathway, Non-small cell lung cancer, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer,<br/>Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, Prostate cancer, Renal cell carcinoma, Small cell<br/>lung cancer, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Tight junction, Toll-like receptor signaling<br/>pathway, VEGF signaling pathway

#### **Product images:**



Coomassie blue staining of purified AKT1 protein (Cat# TP320257). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with AKT1 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC220257]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).

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