

Product datasheet for TP320062

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ALDOB (NM_000035) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human aldolase B, fructose-bisphosphate (ALDOB), 20 μg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC220062 representing NM_000035 **or AA Sequence:** Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAHRFPALTQEQKKELSEIAQSIVANGKGILAADESVGTMGNRLQRIKVENTEENRRQFREILFSVDSSI NQSIGGVILFHETLYQKDSQGKLFRNILKEKGIVVGIKLDQGGAPLAGTNKETTIQGLDGLSERCAQYKK DGVDFGKWRAVLRIADQCPSSLAIQENANALARYASICQQNGLVPIVEPEVIPDGDHDLEHCQYVTEKVL AAVYKALNDHHVYLEGTLLKPNMVTAGHACTKKYTPEQVAMATVTALHRTVPAAVPGICFLSGGMSEEDA TLNLNAINLCPLPKPWKLSFSYGRALQASALAAWGGKAANKEATQEAFMKRAMANCQAAKGQYVHTGSSG

AASTQSLFTACYTY

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 39.3 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling

conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 000026

Locus ID: 229



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UniProt ID: P05062, A0A024R145

RefSeq Size: 1669 Cytogenetics: 9q31.1 RefSeq ORF: 1092

Synonyms: ALDB; ALDO2

Summary: Fructose-1,6-bisphosphate aldolase (EC 4.1.2.13) is a tetrameric glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes

> the reversible conversion of fructose-1,6-bisphosphate to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate and dihydroxyacetone phosphate. Vertebrates have 3 aldolase isozymes which are distinguished by their electrophoretic and catalytic properties. Differences indicate that aldolases A, B, and C are distinct proteins, the products of a family of related 'housekeeping' genes exhibiting

> developmentally regulated expression of the different isozymes. The developing embryo produces aldolase A, which is produced in even greater amounts in adult muscle where it can be as much as 5% of total cellular protein. In adult liver, kidney and intestine, aldolase A expression is repressed and aldolase B is produced. In brain and other nervous tissue, aldolase A and C are expressed about equally. There is a high degree of homology between aldolase A

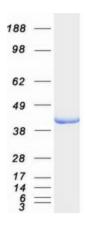
> and C. Defects in ALDOB cause hereditary fructose intolerance. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2008]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Fructose and mannose metabolism, Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis, Metabolic pathways, Pentose

phosphate pathway

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ALDOB protein (Cat# TP320062). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ALDOB cDNA clone (Cat# [RC220062]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).