

Product datasheet for TP318117L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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AUH (NM 001698) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human AU RNA binding protein/enoyl-Coenzyme A hydratase (AUH),

nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, 1 mg

Species: Human Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC218117 representing NM_001698 or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MAAAVAAAPGALGSLHAGGARLVAACSAWLCPGLRLPGSLAGRRAGPAIWAQGWVPAAGGPAPKRGYSSE

MKTEDELRVRHLEEENRGIVVLGINRAYGKNSLSKNLIKMLSKAVDALKSDKKVRTIIIRSEVPGIFCAG ADLKERAKMSSSEVGPFVSKIRAVINDIANLPVPTIAAIDGLALGGGLELALACDIRVAASSAKMGLVET KLAIIPGGGGTQRLPRAIGMSLAKELIFSARVLDGKEAKAVGLISHVLEQNQEGDAAYRKALDLAREFLP

QGPVAMRVAKLAINQGMEVDLVTGLAIEEACYAQTIPTKDRLEGLLAFKEKRPPRYKGE

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 29.1 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling

conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 001689

Locus ID: 549



UniProt ID: Q13825

RefSeq Size: 1548
Cytogenetics: 9q22.31
RefSeq ORF: 1017

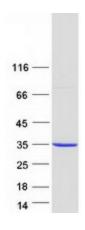
Summary: This gene encodes bifunctional mitochondrial protein that has both RNA-binding and hydratase

activities. The encoded protein is a methylglutaconyl-CoA hydratase that catalyzes the hydration of 3-methylglutaconyl-CoA to 3-hydroxy-3-methyl-glutaryl-CoA, a critical step in the leucine degradation pathway. This protein also binds AU-rich elements (AREs) found in the 3' UTRs of rapidly decaying mRNAs including c-fos, c-myc and granulocyte/ macrophage colony stimulating factor. ARE elements are involved in directing RNA to rapid degradation and deadenylation. This protein is localizes to the mitochondrial matrix and the inner mitochondrial membrane and may be involved in mitochondrial protein synthesis. Mutations in this gene are the cause of 3-methylglutaconic aciduria, type I. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, Valine, leucine and isoleucine degradation

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified AUH protein (Cat# [TP318117]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with AUH cDNA clone (Cat# [RC218117]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).