

Product datasheet for TP317362

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Peroxiredoxin 5 (PRDX5) (NM_181652) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human peroxiredoxin 5 (PRDX5), nuclear gene encoding

mitochondrial protein, transcript variant 3, 20 µg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC217362 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MGLAGVCALRRSAGYILVGGAGGQSAAAAARRCSEGEWASGGVRSFSRAAAAMAPIKVRLLADPTGAFGK

ETDLLLDDSLVSIFGNRRLKRFSMVVQDGIVKALNVEPDGTGLTCSLAPNIISQL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 12.7 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 857635

 Locus ID:
 25824

 UniProt ID:
 P30044

 RefSeq Size:
 646



Cytogenetics: 11q13.1

RefSeq ORF: 375

Synonyms: ACR1; AOEB166; B166; HEL-S-55; PLP; PMP20; PRDX6; prx-V; PRXV; SBBI10

Summary: This gene encodes a member of the peroxiredoxin family of antioxidant enzymes, which

reduce hydrogen peroxide and alkyl hydroperoxides. The encoded protein interacts with peroxisome receptor 1 and plays an antioxidant protective role in different tissues under normal conditions and during inflammatory processes. The use of alternate transcription start sites is thought to result in transcript variants that use different in-frame translational start

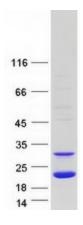
codons to generate isoforms that are targeted to the mitochondrion (isoform L) or

peroxisome/cytoplasm (isoform S). Multiple related pseudogenes have been defined for this

gene. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2017]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified PRDX5 protein (Cat# TP317362). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with PRDX5 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC217362]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).