

Product datasheet for TP316453

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ATG4B (NM_178326) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human ATG4 autophagy related 4 homolog B (S. cerevisiae) (ATG4B),

transcript variant 2, 20 µg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC216453 representing NM_178326 or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MDAATLTYDTLRFAEFEDFPETSEPVWILGRKYSIFTEKDEILSDVASRLWFTYRKNFPAIGGTGPTSDT GWGCMLRCGQMIFAQALVCRHLGRDWRWTQRKRQPDSYFSVLNAFIDRKDSYYSIHQIAQMGVGEGKSIG QWYGPNTVAQVLKKLAVFDTWSSLAVHIAMDNTVVMEEIRRLCRTSVPCAGATAFPADSDRHCNGFPAGA EVTNRPSPWRPLVLLIPLRLGLTDINEAYVETLKHCFMMPQSLGVIGGKPNSAHYFIGYVGEELIYLDPH TTQPAVEPTDGCFIPDESFHCQHPPCRMSIAELDPSIAVGFFCKTEDDFNDWCQQVKKLSLLGGALPMFE

LVELQPSHLACPDVLNLSLGESCQVQILLM

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 42.4 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling

conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 847896



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Locus ID: 23192

UniProt ID:Q9Y4P1RefSeq Size:2912Cytogenetics:2q37.3RefSeq ORF:1140

Synonyms: APG4B; AUTL1

Summary: Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged organelles are

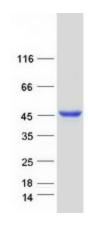
destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene encodes a member of the autophagin protein family. The encoded protein is also designated as a member of the C-54 family of cysteine proteases. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Protein Families: Protease

Protein Pathways: Regulation of autophagy

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ATG4B protein (Cat# TP316453). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ATG4B cDNA clone (Cat# [RC216453]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).