

# **Product datasheet for TP316089**

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

### PLA2G1B (NM\_000928) Human Recombinant Protein

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Recombinant Proteins

**Description:** Recombinant protein of human phospholipase A2, group IB (pancreas) (PLA2G1B), 20 μg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

**Expression cDNA Clone** >RC216089 representing NM\_000928 or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MKLLVLAVLLTVAAADSGISPRAVWQFRKMIKCVIPGSDPFLEYNNYGCYCGLGGSGTPVDELDKCCQTH DNCYDQAKKLDSCKFLLDNPYTHTYSYSCSGSAITCSSKNKECEAFICNCDRNAAICFSKAPYNKAHKNL

**DTKKYCQS** 

**TRTRPL**EQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V** 

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 16.2 kDa

Concentration:  $>0.05 \mu g/\mu L$  as determined by microplate BCA method

**Purity:** > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

**Preparation:** Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

**Note:** For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

**Stability:** Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 000919

 Locus ID:
 5319

 UniProt ID:
 P04054

 RefSeq Size:
 585



#### PLA2G1B (NM\_000928) Human Recombinant Protein - TP316089

Cytogenetics: 12q24.31

RefSeq ORF: 444

Synonyms: PLA2; PLA2A; PPLA2

Summary: This gene encodes a secreted member of the phospholipase A2 (PLA2) class of enzymes,

which is produced by the pancreatic acinar cells. The encoded calcium-dependent enzyme catalyzes the hydrolysis of the sn-2 position of membrane glycerophospholipids to release arachidonic acid (AA) and lysophospholipids. AA is subsequently converted by downstream metabolic enzymes to several bioactive lipophilic compounds (eicosanoids), including prostaglandins (PGs) and leukotrienes (LTs). The enzyme may be involved in several

physiological processes including cell contraction, cell proliferation and pathological response.

[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2013]

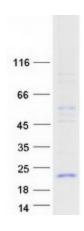
**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

**Protein Pathways:** alpha-Linolenic acid metabolism, Arachidonic acid metabolism, Ether lipid metabolism, Fc

epsilon RI signaling pathway, Glycerophospholipid metabolism, GnRH signaling pathway, Linoleic acid metabolism, Long-term depression, MAPK signaling pathway, Metabolic

pathways, Vascular smooth muscle contraction, VEGF signaling pathway

### **Product images:**



Coomassie blue staining of purified PLA2G1B protein (Cat# TP316089). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with PLA2G1B cDNA clone (Cat# [RC216089]) using

MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).