

Product datasheet for TP316088L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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ATG4C (NM_032852) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human ATG4 autophagy related 4 homolog C (S. cerevisiae) (ATG4C),

transcript variant 7, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC216088 representing NM_032852

or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MEATGTDEVDKLKTKFISAWNNMKYSWVLKTKTYFSRNSPVLLLGKCYHFKYEDEDKTLPAESGCTIEDH VIAGNVEEFRKDFISRIWLTYREEFPQIEGSALTTDCGWGCTLRTGQMLLAQGLILHFLGRAWTWPDALN IENSDSESWTSHTVKKFTASFEASLSGEREFKTPTISLKETIGKYSDDHEMRNEVYHRKIISWFGDSPLA LFGLHQLIEYGKKSGKKAGDWYGPAVVAHILRKAVEEARHPDLQGITIYVAQDCTVYNSDVIDKQSASMT SDNADDKAVIILVPVRLGGERTNTDYLEFVKGILSLEYCVGIIGGKPKQSYYFAGFQDDSLIYMDPHYCQ SFVDVSIKDFPLETFHCPSPKKMSFRKMDPSCTIGFYCRNVQDFKRASEEITKMLKFSSKEKYPLFTFVN

GHSRDYDFTSTTTNEEDLFSEDEKKQLKRFSTEEFVLL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 52.3 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.





RefSeq: NP 116241

Locus ID: 84938

 UniProt ID:
 Q96DT6, A0A384MTY5

RefSeq Size: 1822 Cytogenetics: 1p31.3 RefSeq ORF: 1374

Synonyms: APG4-C; APG4C; AUTL1; AUTL3

Summary: Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged organelles are

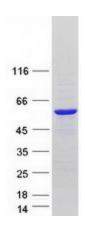
destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene encodes a member of the autophagin protein family. The encoded protein is also designated as a member of the C-54 family of cysteine proteases. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding the same protein, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008]

Protein Families: Protease

Protein Pathways: Regulation of autophagy

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ATG4C protein (Cat# [TP316088]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ATG4C cDNA clone (Cat# [RC216088]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).