

Product datasheet for TP314709L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CLN5 (NM_006493) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human ceroid-lipofuscinosis, neuronal 5 (CLN5), 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA >RC214709 representing NM_006493
Clone or AA Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

Sequence:

MRRNLRLGPSSGADAQGQGAPRPGLAAPRMLLPPASQASRGSGSTGCSLMAQEVDTAQGAEMRRGAGAAR GRASWCWALALLWLAVVPGWSRVSGIPSRRHWPVPYKRFDFRPKPDPYCQAKYTFCPTGSPIPVMEGDDD IEVFRLQAPVWEFKYGDLLGHLKIMHDAIGFRSTLTGKNYTMEWYELFQLGNCTFPHLRPEMDAPFWCNQ GAACFFEGIDDVHWKENGTLVQVATISGNMFNQMAKWVKQDNETGIYYETWNVKASPEKGAETWFDSYDC

SKFVLRTFNKLAEFGAEFKNIETNYTRIFLYSGEPTYLGNETSVFGPTGNKTLGLAIKRFYYPFKPHLPT

KEFLLSLLQIFDAVIVHKQFYLFYNFEYWFLPMKFPFIKITYEEIPLPIRNKTLSGL

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 46.2 kDa

Concentration: $>0.05 \mu g/\mu L$ as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional

chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling

conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeg: NP 006484

Locus ID: 1203



UniProt ID: <u>075503</u>, <u>A0A024R644</u>

RefSeq Size: 4080

Cytogenetics: 13q22.3 RefSeq ORF: 1221

Summary: This gene is one of eight which have been associated with neuronal ceroid lipofuscinoses (NCL).

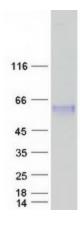
Also referred to as Batten disease, NCL comprises a class of autosomal recessive,

neurodegenerative disorders affecting children. The genes responsible likely encode proteins involved in the degradation of post-translationally modified proteins in lysosomes. The primary defect in NCL disorders is thought to be associated with lysosomal storage function.[provided by

RefSeq, Oct 2008]

Protein Pathways: Lysosome

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified CLN5 protein (Cat# [TP314709]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with CLN5 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC214709]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).