

Product datasheet for TP314057L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

FMO5 (NM 001461) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human flavin containing monooxygenase 5 (FMO5), transcript variant

1, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone

or AA Sequence:

Recombinant protein was produced with TrueORF clone, RC214057.

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 60 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 001452

Locus ID: 2330

UniProt ID: <u>P49326</u>, <u>A0A024QYY6</u>

RefSeq Size: 2326

Cytogenetics: 1q21.1

RefSeq ORF: 1599

Synonyms: hBVMO1



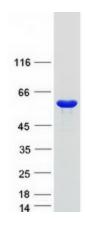


Summary:

Metabolic N-oxidation of the diet-derived amino-trimethylamine (TMA) is mediated by flavin-containing monooxygenase and is subject to an inherited FMO3 polymorphism in man resulting in a small subpopulation with reduced TMA N-oxidation capacity resulting in fish odor syndrome Trimethylaminuria. Three forms of the enzyme, FMO1 found in fetal liver, FMO2 found in adult liver, and FMO3 are encoded by genes clustered in the 1q23-q25 region. Flavin-containing monooxygenases are NADPH-dependent flavoenzymes that catalyzes the oxidation of soft nucleophilic heteroatom centers in drugs, pesticides, and xenobiotics. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways: Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified FMO5 protein (Cat# [TP314057]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with FMO5 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC214057]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).