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Product datasheet for TP313617

KIR2DS3 (NM_012313) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type:	Recombinant Proteins	
Description:	Recombinant protein of human killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, short cytoplasmic tail, 3 (KIR2DS3), 20 μg	
Species:	Human	
Expression Host:	HEK293T	
Expression cDNA Clone or AA Sequence:		
	MSLMVISMACVGFFWLQGAWPHEGFRRKPSLLAHPGRLVKSEETVILQCWSDVMFEHFLLHREGTFNDTL RLIGEHIDGVSKANFSIGRMRQDLAGTYRCYGSVPHSPYQFSAPSDPLDIVITGLYEKPSLSAQPGPTVL AGESVTLSCSSWSSYDMYHLSTEGEAHERRFSAGPKVNGTFQADFPLGPATQGGTYRCFGSFHDSPYEWS KSSDPLLVSVTGNPSNSWPSPTEPSSKTGNPRHLHVLIGTSVVKLPFTILLFFLLHRWCSDKKNASVMDQ GPAGNRTVNREDSDEQDHQEVSYA	
	TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV	
Tag:	C-Myc/DDK	
Predicted MW:	33.5 kDa	
Concentration:	>0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method	
Purity:	> 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining	
Buffer:	25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol	
Preparation:	Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by conventional chromatography steps.	
Note:	For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience some loss of protein during the filtration process.	
Storage:	Store at -80°C.	
Stability:	Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
RefSeq:	<u>NP 036445</u>	
Locus ID:	3808	



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	2DS3 (NM_012313) Human Recombinant Protein – TP313617	
UniProt ID:	<u>Q14952, K7QT50</u>	
RefSeq Size:	1113	
Cytogenetics:	19q13.4	
RefSeq ORF:	912	
Synonyms:	NKAT7	
Summary:	Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules; thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]	
Protein Families	: Transmembrane	
Protein Pathway	rs: Antigen processing and presentation, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity	

Product images:

188	_	
98	-	
62	_	
49	_	-
38	-	
28	_	
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Coomassie blue staining of purified KIR2DS3 protein (Cat# TP313617). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with KIR2DS3 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC213617]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).

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