

Product datasheet for TP311817

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Aspartate beta hydroxylase (ASPH) (NM 032466) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human aspartate beta-hydroxylase (ASPH), transcript variant 3, 20 μg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >Peptide sequence encoded by RC211817 or AA Sequence: Blue=ORF Red=Cloning site Green=Tag(s)

MAQRKNAKSSGNSSSSGSGSTSAGSSSPGARRETKHGGHKNGRKGGLSGTSFFTWFMVIALLGVWTS VAVVWFDLVDYEEVLGKLGIYDADGDGDFDVDDAKVLLGLKERSTSEPAVPPEEAEPHTEPEEQVPVEA EPQNIEDEAKEQIQSLLHEMVHAEHVEGEDLQQEDGPTGEPQQEDDEFLMATDVDDRFETLEPEVSHEE TEHSYHVEETVSQDCNQDMEEMMSEQENPDSSEPVVEDERLHHDTDDVTYQVYEEQAVYEPLENEGIEI

TEVTAPPEDNPVEDSQVIVEEVSIFPVEEQQEVPPDT

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Recombinant protein using RC211817 also available, TP311817

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 34.5 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 µg/µL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 115855

Locus ID: 444





UniProt ID: Q12797

RefSeq Size: 2680 Cytogenetics: 8q12.3 RefSeq ORF: 939

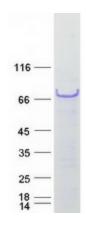
Synonyms: AAH; BAH; CASQ2BP1; FDLAB; HAAH; JCTN; junctin

Summary: This gene is thought to play an important role in calcium homeostasis. The gene is expressed

from two promoters and undergoes extensive alternative splicing. The encoded set of proteins share varying amounts of overlap near their N-termini but have substantial variations in their C-terminal domains resulting in distinct functional properties. The longest isoforms (a and f) include a C-terminal Aspartyl/Asparaginyl beta-hydroxylase domain that hydroxylates aspartic acid or asparagine residues in the epidermal growth factor (EGF)-like domains of some proteins, including protein C, coagulation factors VII, IX, and X, and the complement factors C1R and C1S. Other isoforms differ primarily in the C-terminal sequence and lack the hydroxylase domain, and some have been localized to the endoplasmic and sarcoplasmic reticulum. Some of these isoforms are found in complexes with calsequestrin, triadin, and the ryanodine receptor, and have been shown to regulate calcium release from the sarcoplasmic reticulum. Some isoforms have been implicated in metastasis. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified ASPH protein (Cat# TP311817). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with ASPH cDNA clone (Cat# [RC211817]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).