

Product datasheet for TP310449M

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

MRPL39 (NM 017446) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Recombinant protein of human mitochondrial ribosomal protein L39 (MRPL39), nuclear gene

encoding mitochondrial protein, transcript variant 1, 100 µg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC210449 protein sequence or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MEALAMGSRALRLWLVAPGGGIKWRFIATSPASQLSPTELTEMRNDLFNKEKARQLSLTPRTEKIEVKHV GKTDPGTVFVMNKNISTPYSCAMHLSEWYCRKSILALVDGQPWDMYKPLTKSCEIKFLTFKDCDPGEVNK AYWRSCAMMMGCVIERAFKDEYMVNLVRAPEVPVISGAFCYDVVLDSKLDEWMPTKENLRSFTKDAHAL

1

YKDLPFETLEVEAKVALEIFQHSKYKVDFIEEKASQNPERIVKLHRIGDFIDVSEGPLIPRTSICFQYEV

SAVHNLQPTQPSLIRRFQGVSLPVHLRAHFTIWDKLLERSRKMVTEDQSKATEECTST

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDKV

Tag: C-Myc/DDK
Predicted MW: 38.5 kDa

Concentration: >0.05 μg/μL as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeq: NP 059142



MRPL39 (NM_017446) Human Recombinant Protein - TP310449M

Locus ID: 54148

UniProt ID: Q9NYK5

RefSeq Size: 1082

Cytogenetics: 21q21.3

RefSeq ORF: 1014

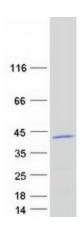
Synonyms: C21orf92; L5mt; L39mt; MRP-L5; MRPL5; MSTP003; PRED22; PRED66; RPML5

Summary: Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in

protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the

mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. Two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. A pseudogene corresponding to this gene is found on chromosome 5q. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified MRPL39 protein (Cat# [TP310449]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with MRPL39 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC210449]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).