

Product datasheet for TP309972L

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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IL4 (NM_000589) Human Recombinant Protein

Product data:

Product Type: Recombinant Proteins

Description: Purified recombinant protein of Homo sapiens interleukin 4 (IL4), transcript variant 1, 1 mg

Species: Human
Expression Host: HEK293T

Expression cDNA Clone >RC209972 representing NM_000589 or AA Sequence: Red=Cloning site Green=Tags(s)

MGLTSQLLPPLFFLLACAGNFVHGHKCDITLQEIIKTLNSLTEQKTLCTELTVTDIFAASKNTTEKETFC RAATVLRQFYSHHEKDTRCLGATAQQFHRHKQLIRFLKRLDRNLWGLAGLNSCPVKEANQSTLENFLERL

KTIMREKYSKCSS

TRTRPLEQKLISEEDLAANDILDYKDDDDK**V**

Tag: C-Myc/DDK

Predicted MW: 14.9 kDa

Concentration: $>0.05 \mu g/\mu L$ as determined by microplate BCA method

Purity: > 80% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

Buffer: 25 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM glycine, pH 7.3, 10% glycerol

Preparation: Recombinant protein was captured through anti-DDK affinity column followed by

conventional chromatography steps.

Note: For testing in cell culture applications, please filter before use. Note that you may experience

some loss of protein during the filtration process.

Storage: Store at -80°C.

Stability: Stable for 12 months from the date of receipt of the product under proper storage and

handling conditions. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

RefSeg: NP 000580

Locus ID: 3565

UniProt ID: <u>P05112</u>, <u>D4HNR6</u>

RefSeq Size: 921





Cytogenetics: 5q31.1

RefSeq ORF: 459

Synonyms: BCGF-1; BCGF1; BSF-1; BSF1; IL-4

Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a pleiotropic cytokine produced by activated T cells. This

cytokine is a ligand for interleukin 4 receptor. The interleukin 4 receptor also binds to IL13, which may contribute to many overlapping functions of this cytokine and IL13. STAT6, a signal transducer and activator of transcription, has been shown to play a central role in mediating the immune regulatory signal of this cytokine. This gene, IL3, IL5, IL13, and CSF2 form a cytokine gene cluster on chromosome 5q, with this gene particularly close to IL13. This gene, IL13 and IL5 are found to be regulated coordinately by several long-range regulatory elements in an over 120 kilobase range on the chromosome. IL4 is considered an important cytokine for tissue repair, counterbalancing the effects of proinflammatory type 1 cytokines, however, it also promotes allergic airway inflammation. Moreover, IL-4, a type 2 cytokine, mediates and regulates a variety of human host responses such as allergic, anti-parasitic, wound healing, and acute inflammation. This cytokine has been reported to promote resolution of neutrophilmediated acute lung injury. In an allergic response, IL-4 has an essential role in the production of allergen-specific immunoglobin (Ig) E. This pro-inflammatory cytokine has been observed to be increased in COVID-19 (Coronavirus disease 2019) patients, but is not necessarily associated with severe COVID-19 pathology. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2020]

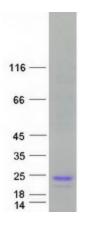
Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein

Protein Pathways: Allograft rejection, Asthma, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cytokine-cytokine receptor

interaction, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Hematopoietic cell lineage, Jak-STAT signaling

pathway, T cell receptor signaling pathway

Product images:



Coomassie blue staining of purified IL4 protein (Cat# [TP309972]). The protein was produced from HEK293T cells transfected with IL4 cDNA clone (Cat# [RC209972]) using MegaTran 2.0 (Cat# [TT210002]).